



Indicators and Equity Stratifiers of the EWEC-LAC Regional Monitoring Framework

The Metrics and Monitoring Working Group (MMWG, as it referred below) for Every Woman, Every Child Latin America and the Caribbean (EWEC-LAC) has established a Regional Monitoring Framework to support countries in their efforts to reduce health inequities at the national level.

The list of priority indicators is based on the Operational Framework of the Global Strategy for Women's, Children's and Adolescents' Health, but has been adapted to reflect the priorities and realities of the region. The adaptation process was led by the members of the EWEC LAC's MMWG group and consisted of a consultation process with regional experts and national representatives from countries of each subregion of Latin America and the Caribbean.

The final result is a priority list of 32 indicators and 6 stratifiers that constitute the Regional Monitoring Framework for Every Woman, Every Child Latin America and the Caribbean (EWEC LAC).

The EWEC LAC Regional
Monitoring and Evaluation
Framework consists of 32
indicators and 6 stratifiers.
These include 18 Sustainable
Development Goals indicators
and 10 indicators from the
Global Strategy for Women's,
Children's and Adolescents'
Health.

Key indicators and stratifiers EWEC-LAC Regional Monitoring Framework

ndicator name	Unit	SDG	Glob EWE
Survive			
Maternal mortality ratio	Ratio by 100,000 live births	3.1.1	1
Under-5 mortality rate	Rate by 1,000 live births	3.2.1	
Infant mortality rate (under 1)	Rate by 1,000 live births		
Neonatal mortality rate	Rate by 1,000 live births	3.2.2	
Low birth weight (prevalence)	Percentage		
Antenatal care (ANC) - 4 visits or more (women aged 15-49)	Percentage		
Antenatal care (ANC) with quality (i.e., blood test, urine test, check blood pressure) (women aged 15-49)	Percentage		
Screen for syphilis during pregnancy (women aged 15-19 and 15-49)	Percentage		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (women aged 15-19 and 15-49)	Percentage	3.1.2	
Early breastfeeding (within the first hour of birth)	Percentage		
Exclusive breastfeeding	Percentage		
Postpartum contact with a health provider within 2 days of delivery (women aged 15-19 and 15-49)	Percentage		
Postpartum contact with a health provider within 2 days of delivery (newborns)	Percentage		
Maternal-infant transmission of HIV and syphilis	Percentage		
Number of new HIV infections	Rate per 1.000 uninfected	3.3.1	
Screen for cervical cancer (women aged 30-49)	population Percentage		
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Adolescent birth rate (ages 10-14 and 15-19)	Rate per 1,000 girls aged 10-14 or 15-19	3.7.2	
Demand for family planning satisfied with modern methods (women aged 15-19 and 15-49)	Percentage	3.7.1	
Stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age (prevalence)	Percentage	2.2.1	
Malnutrition (wasting and obesity) among children under 5 years of age (prevalence)	Percentage	2.2.2	
Anemia in children under-5 (prevalence)	Percentage		
Early childhood development on track in health, learning and psychological wellbeing (children from 24 to 59 months old)	Percentage	4.2.1	
Participation in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age)	Percentage	4.2.2	
Out of-pocket health expenses as percentage of total health expenditure	Percentage		
ransform			
Population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age	Percentage	1.2.1	
Population using safely managed drinking water services	Percentage	6.1.1	
Population with a handwashing facility with water and soap available on premises	Percentage	6.2.1	
Population using (a) safely managed sanitation services	Percentage	6.2.1	
Physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age (women aged 15-19 and 15-49)	Percentage	5.2.1	
Birth registration with a civil authority (children under 5 years of age)	Percentage	16.9.1	
Children and young people: (a) in grades second and third; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics	Percentage	4.1.1	
Global Strategy indicators at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target.	Number of indicators and percentage	17.18.1	
tratifiers			
	Ethnicity		
For inequality analysis, EWEC LAC recommends analyzing the 30 priority indicators using the following stratifiers - according to data availability.	Gender (sex)		
	Income		
	Education		
	Place of residence (urban/rura	l)	
	State/municipality or lowest ad disaggregation available	ministrative	
dditional key indicators Tier II*			
Normal deliveries with quality in-facility care	These are key indicators as wel		
Obstetric and neonatal complications managed with quality in-facility	measurement methodology for to been agreed upon yet, and hen		
Youth/Adolescent substance abuse (drugs or alcohol)	Tier II. EWEC LAC will work to of measures in the future.		